SENATE BILL No. 412

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 9-13-2; IC 9-23-3.

Synopsis: Unfair practices concerning motor vehicles. Expands what are considered to be unfair practices by motor vehicle manufacturers, dealers, and franchisees.

Effective: July 1, 2002.

Kenley

January 10, 2002, read first time and referred to Committee on Commerce and Consumer Affairs.





Second Regular Session 112th General Assembly (2002)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2001 General Assembly.

G

SENATE BILL No. 412

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

p

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

V

SECTION 1. IC 9-13-2-38.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 38.5. "Costs", for purposes of IC 9-23-3, has the meaning set forth in IC 9-23-3-0.2.

SECTION 2. IC 9-13-2-97 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 97. (a) "Manufacturer" means, except as provided in subsection subsections (b) and (c), a person engaged in the business of constructing or assembling vehicles, of a type required to be registered under IC 9-18, at an established place of business in Indiana. The term does not include a converter manufacturer.

(b) "Manufacturer", **except as provided in subsection (c),** for purposes of IC 9-23, means a person who is engaged in the business of manufacturing or assembling motor vehicles or major component parts of motor vehicles, or both, and sells motor vehicles to dealers, wholesale dealers, distributors, or the general public. The term includes the following:



1 2

3

4

5

6

7 8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15

1	(1) A factory branch office of the manufacturer.
2	(2) An authorized representative of the manufacturer.
3	(3) A partnership, a firm, an association, a joint venture, a limited
4	liability company, a corporation, or a trust, resident or
5	nonresident, that is controlled by the manufacturer.
6	The term does not include a converter manufacturer.
7	(c) "Manufacturer", for purposes of IC 9-23-3-3, IC 9-23-3-14,
8	IC 9-23-3-15, IC 9-23-3-15.5, IC 9-23-3-15.7, IC 9-23-3-15.9, and
9	IC 9-23-3-25, includes the following:
10	(1) A parent of the manufacturer.
11	(2) A subsidiary of the manufacturer.
12	(3) An affiliate of the manufacturer.
13	(4) A person under common ownership or control of the
14	manufacturer.
15	(5) An employee of the manufacturer.
16	(6) A person holding at least one percent (1%) of the shares
17	of any class of securities or other ownership interest in the
18	manufacturer, if a warranty of service or repair plan is issued
19	by the person instead of, or in addition to, one (1) issued by
20	the manufacturer.
21	SECTION 3. IC 9-13-2-129.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
22	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
23	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 129.5. "Prevailing retail price
24	charged by the dealer for the same parts", for purposes of
25	IC 9-23-3, has the meaning set forth in IC 9-23-3-0.3.
26	SECTION 4. IC 9-13-2-148.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
27	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
28	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 148.5. "Reasonable
29	compensation", for purposes of IC 9-23-3, has the meaning set
30	forth in IC 9-23-3-0.4.
31	SECTION 5. IC 9-13-2-181.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
32	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
33	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 181.5. "Trade name" means the
34	name given by a manufacturer to a line of motor vehicles to
35	distinguish it as produced or sold by the manufacturer and that
36	may be used and protected as a trademark.
37	SECTION 6. IC 9-13-2-191.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
38	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
39	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 191.5. "Uniform time standard
40	manual", for purposes of IC 9-23-3, has the meaning set forth in
41	IC 9-23-3-0.5.

SECTION 7. IC 9-23-3-0.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE



42

	3	
1	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY	
2	1, 2002]: Sec. 0.2. As used in this chapter, "costs" means the	
3	remainder between the uniform parts reimbursement rate set forth	
4	in a contract entered into under section 25 of this chapter and the	
5	prevailing retail price charged by the dealer received by a	
6	franchisee of the same trade name.	
7	SECTION 8. IC 9-23-3-0.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	
8	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY	
9	1, 2002]: Sec. 0.3. As used in this chapter, "prevailing retail price	
10	charged by the dealer for the same parts" means the amount	
11	determined under STEP FOUR of the following formula:	
12	STEP ONE: Add the price paid by the franchisee for parts, all	
13	shipping charges for parts, and other charges for parts.	
14	STEP TWO: Determine the average percentage markup over	
15	the price paid by the franchisee for parts purchased by the	
16	franchisee from the manufacturer and sold at retail and express	
17	this percentage as a number rounded to the nearest one	
18	hundredth (0.01).	
19	STEP THREE: Add one (1) plus the number determined under	
20	STEP TWO.	
21	STEP FOUR: Multiply the STEP ONE amount by the STEP	
22	THREE amount.	
23	SECTION 9. IC 9-23-3-0.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	
24	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY	
25	1, 2002]: Sec. 0.4. As used in this chapter, "reasonable	
26	compensation", for purposes of IC 9-23-3-14, means the prevailing	

wage rates paid by the dealer in the market area in which the dealer does business.

SECTION 10. IC 9-23-3-0.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 0.5. As used in this chapter, "uniform time standard manual", for purposes of IC 9-23-3-25(b), means a schedule established by a manufacturer setting forth the time allowances for the diagnosis and performance of warranty work and service.

SECTION 11. IC 9-23-3-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 3. (a) It is an unfair practice for a dealer to willfully fail to perform the obligations placed on the dealer in connection with the manufacturer's or distributor's warranty agreement, including obligations relating to labor and parts, applicable to any motor vehicle sold by that dealer.

(b) It is an unfair practice for a manufacturer to willfully fail to reimburse the dealer for parts provided in satisfaction of a



27

28

29

30

31 32

33

34

35

36 37

38

39

40

41

warranty at the prevailing retail price charged by the dealer for the same parts when not provided in satisfaction of a warranty, provided that the dealer's prevailing retail price is not unreasonable when compared with that of other dealers from the same manufacturer for identical merchandise in the geographic area where the dealer is engaged in business.

SECTION 12. IC 9-23-3-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 14. It is an unfair practice for a manufacturer or distributor to fail to reasonably compensate to a dealer the posted hourly labor rate for the diagnostic work and repair services the dealer is required to perform in connection with the dealer's delivery and preparation obligations under any franchise or fail to compensate to a dealer the posted hourly labor rate for labor and other expenses incurred by the dealer under the manufacturer's warranty agreements as long as the posted rate is reasonable. Judgment of the reasonableness includes consideration of charges for similar repairs by comparable repair facilities in the local area as well as mechanic's wages and fringe benefits. The compensation paid to the dealer by the manufacturer for warranty service may not be less than the rates charged by the dealer for similar service to retail customers not covered under warranty.

SECTION 13. IC 9-23-3-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 15. It is an unfair practice for a manufacturer or distributor to:

- (1) fail to pay all claims made by dealers for compensation for delivery and preparation work and warranty work, **including parts**, within thirty (30) days after approval;
- (2) fail to approve or disapprove the claims within thirty (30) days after receipt; $\frac{1}{2}$
- (3) disapprove a claim without notice to the dealer in writing of the grounds for disapproval within thirty (30) days after submission or the claim will be considered an approval with payment to follow in not less than sixty (60) days after submission; or
- (4) fail to permit a dealer to correct and resubmit a disapproved claim within thirty (30) days after receipt of the disapproval.

The manufacturer or distributor may require documentation for claims and to audit the claims within a one (1) year period from the date the claim was paid, or credit issued by the manufacturer or distributor, and to charge back a false or unsubstantiated claim.

SECTION 14. IC 9-23-3-15.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA



1 2

1	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 15.5. It is an unfair practice for
3	a franchisee to fail to allow a manufacturer to:
4	(1) audit claims for incentive and reimbursement programs
5	for a period of less than eighteen (18) months after the date of
6	the transaction that is subject to audit by the manufacturer;
7	
8	(2) charge back any claims considered to be false or
9 10	unsubstantiated by the manufacturer. SECTION 15. IC 9-23-3-15.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
10	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
12	
13	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 15.7. It is an unfair practice for a manufacturer:
14 15	(1) by agreement;
	(2) by restrictions upon reimbursement; or
16	(3) otherwise;
17	to restrict the nature and extent of services to be rendered or parts
18	to be provided so that the restriction prevents the franchisee from
19	satisfying the warranty by rendering services in a workmanlike
20	manner and by providing parts that are required in accordance
21 22	with generally accepted standards.
23	SECTION 16. IC 9-23-3-15.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
24	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 15.8. (a) For purposes of this
25	chapter, average percentage markup is determined under STEP
26 27	TWO or STEP THREE of the following formula:
28	STEP ONE: Determine the number of customer paid service repair orders made during any ninety (90) days in the one
28 29	hundred eighty (180) day period preceding the date the
30	average percentage markup is submitted to the manufacturer.
31	STEP TWO: This STEP applies only if the number
32	determined under STEP ONE is at least one hundred (100).
33	Determine the result under clause (C) of the following
34	formula:
35	(A) Select one hundred (100) sequential customer paid
36	service repair orders paid during the one hundred eighty
37	(180) day period preceding the date the average percentage
38	markup is submitted to the manufacturer.
39	(B) Determine the sum of the percentages for each of the
40	one hundred (100) orders selected under clause (A).
41	(C) Divide the amount determined under clause (B) by one
	` ', '
42	hundred (100).



1	STEP THREE: This STEP applies only if the number			
2	determined under STEP ONE is less than one hundred (100).			
3	Determine the result under clause (B) of the following			
4	formula:			
5	(A) Determine the sum of the markup percentages for each			
6	of the customer paid service repair orders made during the			
7	ninety (90) days described in STEP ONE.			
8	(B) Divide the amount determined under clause (A) by the			
9	number of customer paid service repair orders determined			
10	under STEP ONE.			
11	(b) The following are the only items to be considered in			
12	determining average percentage markup:			
13	(1) Retail sales not involving warranty repairs.			
14	(2) Parts required in accordance with generally accepted			
15	standards.			
16	(3) Parts supplied for routine vehicle maintenance.			
17	(c) After determination of the average percentage markup, the			
18	franchisee shall submit the average percentage markup to the			
19	manufacturer.			
20	(d) The average percentage markup shall take effect thirty (30)			
21	days following the submission of the figure to the manufacturer,			
22	subject to:			
23	(1) audit of the submitted repair orders by the manufacturer;			
24	and			
25	(2) adjustment of the average percentage markup based on			
26	the audit.			
27	SECTION 17. IC 9-23-3-15.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA			
28	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS			
29	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 15.9. (a) Except as provided in			
30	subsection (b), if a manufacturer supplies a part for use in a repair			
31	rendered under a warranty other than by sale of that part to the			
32	franchisee, the franchisee is entitled to compensation equivalent to			
33	the franchisee's average percentage markup in the parts as if the			
34	part had been sold to the franchisee by the franchisee.			
35	(b) The manufacturer shall reimburse the franchisee for entire:			
36	(1) engine assemblies; and			
37	(2) transmission assemblies;			
38	at the rate of thirty percent (30%) of what the franchisee would			
39	have paid the manufacturer for the assembly if the assembly had			
40	not been supplied by the manufacturer other than by the sale of the			
41	assembly to the franchisee.			
42	(c) It is an unfair practice for a manufacturer to require a			



1	franchisee to establish average percentage markup by a				
2	methodology or by requiring information that is unduly				
3	burdensome or time consuming to provide, including:				
4	(1) part by part; or				
5	(2) transaction by transaction;				
6	calculations.				
7	(d) It is an unfair practice for a franchisee to request a change				
8	in the average percentage markup more than two (2) times in a				
9	calendar year.				
10	SECTION 18. IC 9-23-3-25 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE				
11	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY				
12	1, 2002]: Sec. 25. (a) This section does not authorize a				
13	manufacturer and its franchisees in Indiana to establish an hourly				
14	labor reimbursement rate effective for the entire state.				
15	(b) A manufacturer and a majority of franchisees in Indiana of				
16	the same trade name may agree in an express written contract to				
17	a uniform warranty reimbursement policy to be used by				
18	franchisees for the performance of warranty repairs. The contract				
19	must include the following:				
20	(1) The reimbursement for parts used in warranty repairs.				
21	(2) The use of a uniform time standard manual.				
22	Reimbursement for parts under the contract shall be used instead				
23	of the franchisees' prevailing retail price charged by the dealer for				
24	the same parts. The allowance for diagnosis within the uniform				
25	time standard manual must be reasonable and adequate for the				
26	work and service to be performed. The manufacturer shall have a				
27	reasonable and fair procedure for a franchisee to request a				
28	modification of a standard included in the uniform time standard				
29	manual.				
30	(c) The contract must do the following:				
31	(1) Establish a uniform parts reimbursement rate that must				
32	be greater than the manufacturer's nationally established				
33	parts reimbursement rate in effect at the time the contract				
34	becomes effective. A subsequent contract must include a				
35	uniform reimbursement rate that is equal to or greater than				
36	the rate in the immediate prior contract.				
37	(2) Apply to all warranty repair orders written during the				
38	period that the agreement is in effect.				
39	(3) Be available during the period it is in effect to any				
40	franchisee of the same trade name at any time and on the				
41	same terms as other franchisees.				

(4) Be for a term not to exceed three (3) years.



1	(5) Allow any party to the policy to terminate the policy with	
2	thirty (30) days prior written notice to all parties upon the	
3	annual anniversary of the policy, if the policy is for at least	
4	one (1) year.	
5	(6) Remain in effect for the entire life of the original period if	
6	the manufacturer and at least one (1) franchisee remain	
7	parties to the policy.	
8	(d) A manufacturer that enters into a contract with its	
9	franchisees under subsection (b) may only seek to recover its costs	
10	from a franchisee that receives the prevailing retail price charged	
11	by the dealer subject to the following:	
12	(1) Costs may be recovered only by increasing invoice prices	
13	on new vehicles received by the franchisee.	
14	(2) A manufacturer may make an exception for vehicles that	
15	are titled in the name of a purchaser in another state.	
16	However, price increases imposed for the purpose of	
17	recovering costs imposed by this section may vary from time	
18	to time and from model to model and must apply uniformly to	
19	all franchisees of the same trade name that have requested	
20	reimbursement for warranty repairs at the prevailing retail	
21	price charged by the dealer.	
22	(e) A manufacturer that enters into a contract with its	
23	franchisees under subsection (b) shall do the following:	
24	(1) Certify to the bureau at the time of the contract under	
25	oath signed by the president, vice president, or secretary of	
26	the corporation that a majority of the franchisees of the trade	
27	name were parties to the contract.	
28	(2) File a copy of the contract with the bureau at the time of	V
29	the certification.	
30	(3) Certify to the bureau each year under oath signed by the	
31	president, vice president, or secretary of the corporation that	
32	the reimbursement costs the corporation recovers under	
33	subsection (d) are received from a franchisee at the price	
34	provided for under subsection (d).	
35	(4) Maintain a file that contains the information upon which	
36	the certification required under subdivision (3) is based for a	

period of three (3) years after the certification is made.

